



**THE KATHMANDU DECLARATION  
FOR ASIAN ELEPHANT CONSERVATION  
KATHMANDU, NEPAL  
April 29, 2022**

**We, the representatives of the government agencies from Asian Elephant Range States including the People's Republic of Bangladesh, the Kingdom of Bhutan, Kingdom of Cambodia, People's Republic of China, Republic of India, Republic of Indonesia, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Federal Democratic Republic of Nepal, Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka, Republic of the Union of Myanmar, Malaysia, Kingdom of Thailand, and the Socialist Republic of Vietnam, declare our common goal to conserve the Asian Elephant within its Range States, and:**

**Recognizing that the Asian Elephant, seriously endangered species and one of the most iconic animals, faces a challenging future with the loss of its habitat, fragmented populations, high levels of human-elephant conflict, illegal killing, as well as other factors that have resulted in population declines in some of the Range States, and that we should have a common vision to promote Asian elephant conservation;**

**Acknowledging that the Asian Elephant is a keystone species and an umbrella species whose conservation helps ensure the conservation of myriads of other species. Asian Elephants are also culturally significant across Asia. A failure to protect Asian Elephants and their habitat will therefore not only result in the loss of elephants but also the loss of biological and cultural diversity and the tangible and intangible benefits provided by elephants and the ecosystems they inhabit;**

**Noting that while elephant conservation is primarily a national responsibility, there is an urgent need to synergize national actions with international cooperation amongst the Range States for the long-term conservation of Asian**

**Elephants. The reversal of the crisis facing Asian Elephants is additionally dependent upon political, financial, and technical support from the international community;**

**Understanding the role of international agreements on the conservation of biological diversity and protection of rare and endangered species, including the Asian Elephant, such as the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (CITES), the Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD), and the Convention on the Conservation of Migratory Species of Wild Animals (CMS);**

**Acknowledging the presence and support of other governments, international organizations, non-governmental organizations, and other supporters of Asian Elephant conservation.**

**Building upon the Jakarta Declaration for Asian Elephant Conservation of the second Asian Elephant Range States Meeting of 2017**

**Thus, we declare:**

- **To enhance cooperation between the thirteen Range States both bilaterally and multilaterally, promoting transboundary conservation of the Asian Elephant, and sharing and learning to enhance national conservation measures;**
- **To promote coexistence by minimizing the negative impacts of humans on Asian Elephants and their habitats, address the root causes of human-elephant conflict, and develop long term solutions to minimize such conflict; engage with local communities to gain their participation in biodiversity conservation and land-use planning; and provide sustainable and alternative livelihoods through financial support, technical guidance and support, and other measures;**
- **To ensure effective law enforcement across the species' range to prevent illegal killing of Asian Elephants and the illegal trade in live Asian Elephants, ivory and its derivatives, and other elephant body parts;**

- To promote and ensure the welfare of captive elephants is maintained at all times;
- To strengthen international collaboration, coordination, cooperation and communication based on bilateral and multilateral agreements where relevant, involving specialized expertise from national and international organizations, including but not limited to AsESG, IUCN SSC, CITES, INTERPOL, CBD, CMS, UNEP, ASEAN-WEN, SAWEN, and UNODC;
- To set up through appropriate mechanisms an Asian Elephant Fund, accessible to Range States and Range State civil society, to promote conservation of the species and its habitat;
- To develop an appropriate data sharing mechanism among Range States;
- Commit to develop, where necessary and where applicable implement National Asian Elephant Conservation Action Plans that include, but are not limited to, the priorities listed in the annex to this Declaration.

And call upon the international community to join us in addressing the challenges facing Asian elephants and achieving a harmonious coexistence between humans and Asian elephants.

#### **Annex: Priority Commitments by 2025**

- Promote the maintenance and connectivity of large Asian Elephant conservation landscapes where new permitted developmental activities such as linear infrastructures are elephant- and biodiversity-appropriate;
- Promote the development of national guidelines on wildlife friendly linear infrastructure including elephant based on those developed by the Asian Elephant Specialist Group of the IUCN SSC and Connectivity Specialist Groups after Range States consultations.
- Develop bilateral transboundary agreements, protocols or understandings in relevant countries to ease movement of Asian Elephants through appropriate corridors and transboundary protected areas;
- Collectively develop where relevant and coordinate captive Asian Elephant registration programs in relevant countries, based on scientific research including, where appropriate microchipping and/or DNA-based systems,

**and ensure cross-border movements of captive Asian Elephants are in compliance with all national and international laws and regulations;**

- Ensure that all Range States have a National Asian Elephant Conservation Action Plan;**
- Promote the development of national guideline on Human Asian Elephant Conflict mitigation based on those developed by the Asian Elephant Specialist Group of the IUCN SSC after Range States consultations.**
- The Range States support the development of range-wide Asian Elephant Conservation Plan by the Asian Elephant Specialist Group of the IUCN SSC;**
- The Range States initiate the establishment of a national Asian Elephant Database with the technical support of the Asian Elephant Specialist Group of the IUCN SSC and CITES MIKE/ETIS;**
- The Range States jointly initiate the creation of an Asian Elephant Fund assisted by the Asian Elephant Specialist Group of the IUCN SSC;**

**DONE in Kathmandu, Nepal on the Twenty Ninth Day of April in the Year Two Thousand and Twenty Two, in a single original copy in the English language.**